



THE FOREIGN SERVICE
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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

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OFFICIAL-INFORMAL
SECRET

American Embassy, SHAPE/L,
Paris, France,
June 25, 1959.

Dear Russ:

General Gale, Deputy SACEUR, has now made his report to General Morstad concerning the Alert Measures problem in Germany. I thought you might find useful a summary of his activities and recommendations.

He reviewed his meeting of March 23 with the three Ambassadors and Strauss. Ambassador Bruce's talk with Chancellor Adenauer (Bonn's 2136 to the Department), the French Ambassador's talk with Globke (Bonn's G-574 to the Department), and SHAPE Colonel d'Angleen's discussion on May 12 with German Defense officials (Bonn's G-614 to the Department).

He then described his meeting of June 1 with the three Ambassadors and Defense Minister Strauss. General Gale thinks of this as the SHAPE-sponsored conference. Out of it he considers four clear facts emerged:

1. The German authorities had no clearcut detailed list of measures which might have to be undertaken in the case of National Emergency by the various departments of Government and the Lander authorities.

2. In the detailed analysis of what should be done, the Federal authorities had come across differences of interpretation of action to implement the Alert Measures as between the two Army groups in Germany.

3. There was

Russell Fessenden, Esquire,
Deputy Director, Office of
European Regional Affairs,
Department of State,
Washington.

SECRET

from Raymond L. Thurston

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3. There was no chance of the Federal Government attempting to enact the necessary legislation.

4. The German authorities would be prepared to react to a proclamation issued by the three Ambassadors. The terms and wording of such proclamation to be drawn up in consultation with the Federal authorities and to be of the most general nature.

As a result of the meeting, he proposes to set up under SHAPE auspices a working party to define precisely what action should be undertaken to implement the Alert Measures in a practical way. CINCENT would be represented so that any matters of apparent or real difference between the two Army groups would be cleared up easily. The real object of the working party would be to give the German authorities the essential information they would require in order to draw up their complete list of measures. At the same time the three Ambassadors, the German authorities, and SHAPE would draw up the necessary proclamation.

MOD Strauss, according to General Gale, does not consider it an insuperable task to draw up the list of actions which could be immediately implemented in the event that a national emergency existed and the necessary legislation had been passed. However, an essential preliminary must be the cleaning up of details with the Allied military authorities. In an emergency there would be little or no difficulty in having the backing of all German authorities for the acceptance of the proclamation which would declare a state of emergency. If time permitted and in the pressure of such circumstances, it would be reasonably certain that there would be a favorable two-thirds majority in the Bundestag.

General Gale concludes that we cannot expect the Germans to amend the Basic Law at present and that the above-mentioned approach will be the most satisfactory way to get at the problem. Enclosed is a copy of the type of proclamation he has in mind suggesting to the Ambassadors and German authorities.

Sincerely,

Ray

Raymond L. Thurston

Enclosure:

Photostat of proclamation

cc: Mr. Tyler, Bonn
Mr. Wolf, Paris

SECRET

TRANSCRIPTION - ORIGINAL FOLLOWS

DRAFT PROCLAMATION

the Chancellor of the Federal Republic of Germany and by the Ambassadors of the United States of America, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and the French Republic.

Whereas (brief description of the facts such as : through the armed attack of the Soviet Forces on the territory of the Federal Republic of Germany) a state of emergency has arisen in the Federal Republic;

Whereas the Federal Government which does not possess all the necessary powers under the actual German legislation has agreed jointly with the Three Powers in accordance with para 2 of Article 5 of the Paris Agreements to order the implementation of the measures deemed necessary to take effective action to protect the security of its own forces, of those of the United States, the United Kingdom and France stationed in the Federal Republic;

Whereas the Ambassadors of the Three Powers are acting on behalf of, and are duly authorized by their Governments, in accordance with Para 2 of Article 5 of the Convention on Relations;

Now therefore, we

Chancellor of the Federal
Republic of Germany,

Ambassador of the United
States of America,

Ambassador of the United
Kingdom of Great Britain
and Northern Ireland,

Ambassador of the French
Republic

Do hereby jointly proclaim and order as follows:

Article 1

A state of emergency is hereby declared to exist in the Federal Republic of Germany.

Article 2

(1) All necessary measure will be taken as and when requested by the military authorities of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

(2) For the purpose of implementing the present Proclamation. The Federal Government will issue general and individual orders and directives to the governments of the Laender and the governmental

TRANSCRIPTION - ORIGINAL FOLLOWS

Same page

authorities of all political sub-divisions thereof.

Article 3

The present Proclamation and all measures taken in implementation thereof shall over-ride any provisions of the Basic Law of the Federal Republic of Germany and of other legislation in force in the Federal Republic which might be inconsistent therewith.

DATE: 10/10/2001

...the ...

the 1990s, the number of people in the United States who are 65 years of age or older is projected to increase from 20 million to 35 million, and the number of people 75 years of age or older is projected to increase from 10 million to 15 million (U.S. Census Bureau, 1996). The number of people 85 years of age or older is projected to increase from 2 million to 4 million (U.S. Census Bureau, 1996). The number of people 90 years of age or older is projected to increase from 500,000 to 1 million (U.S. Census Bureau, 1996). The number of people 95 years of age or older is projected to increase from 100,000 to 200,000 (U.S. Census Bureau, 1996). The number of people 100 years of age or older is projected to increase from 10,000 to 20,000 (U.S. Census Bureau, 1996).

— *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1967, 201: 1009.

1990

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4-11-73

Do hereby jointly, publish in order as follows:

ALHOGA

Republic of Germany.

Article 2

the military authorities of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

(2) For the purpose of implementing the Project, the Federal Government will issue general and individual orders.

...of all political organizations...

11-11-61

...the

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TRANSCRIPTION - ORIGINAL FOLLOWS

Article 4

The present Proclamation shall take effect upon being made [2 words illeg] a state alert has been declared by the Supreme Allied Commander of Europe. As authorized by the NATO nations

ARTICLE 4

The present Declaration shall take effect as soon as a state of alert has been declared by the United States, as authorized by the President.

Done at

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